ISLE OF ANGLESEY COUNTY COUNCIL				
REPORT TO:	THE EXECUTIVE			
DATE:	30 NOVEMBER 2020			
SUBJECT:	HRA BUDGET MONITORING, QUARTER 2 2020/21			
PORTFOLIO HOLDER(S):	COUNCILLOR ROBIN WILLIAMS			
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LOCAL MEMBERS:	n/a			

#### A - Recommendation/s and reason/s

- 1. The Executive is requested to note the following:-
  - (i) The position set out in respect of the financial performance of the Housing Revenue Account (HRA) for quarter 2 2020/21.
  - (ii) The forecast outturn for 2020/21.

### 2. Background

- (i) In March 2020, the Council agreed a revenue budget for 2020/21 that showed a planned surplus of £7.8m.
- (ii) The capital budget for 2020/21 was £19.1m, including allowance for expenditure that was not completed from the 2019/20 capital budget.
- (iii) The combination of both the revenue budget and adjusted capital budget gave a planned budget deficit of £7.2m, which would be funded from the HRA reserve.
- (iv) The HRA is 'ringfenced' and its reserves cannot be transferred to the General Fund, nor can General Fund reserves be used to fund the HRA.
- **3.** This report sets out the financial performance of the HRA for the period from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2020 to 30<sup>th</sup> September 2020.

#### 4. Overview

- (i) The revenue financial position for Q2 shows an underspend of £324k, compared to £220k at the end of Q1. The forecast for income is £100k below the original budget, and expenditure is forecast to be £112k below the original budget as explained below. More detail is shown in Appendix A.
- (ii) The Capital expenditure is £1,250k below the profiled budget (£421k at Q1). The forecast expenditure is £6,244k below budget as explained below. More detail is shown in Appendix B.
- (iii) The forecast deficit (combining both revenue and capital) is £6,256k less than the budget (reducing the planned deficit to £832k),compared to a forecast deficit of £2,112k less tan the budget at the end of Q1. This is largely the result of lower than budgeted capital expenditure.

#### 5. Income

- (i) At the end of the second quarter the level of income received was £140k (£52k at Q1) better than the profiled budget as noted below.
- (ii) Rental income was £105k above budget (£52k Q1). The budget, however, assumes that new properties will come on stream during the year that have been delayed (see also the 'capital' section below). Consequently the forecast is that income will be £100k below budget by the end of the year.
- (iii) Service charge income, which is based on the actual costs incurred, is just £3k better than budget. The budget was completely reviewed following last year's significant budget underspend.
- (iv) Other income is £32k better than the profiled budget as the result of the timing of Feed in Tariff (FIT) receipts from the feed in tariff. The forecast for the year is unchanged.
- (v) The 30 year plan includes a provision of £280k towards bad debts, 1.5% of the total rent income. This was an increase from 1.25% in the previous year to allow for the continuing roll out of Universal Credit. A bad debt only arises when there is no realistic prospect of recovering the arrears of rent owed. The actual provision in the 2019/20 annual account was £118k, just 0.65% of the total rent income, reflecting the efforts made to ensure that the rent due is recovered. These provisions were made before the Covid 19 pandemic affected Anglesey. At the end of March 2020, the level of rent arrears was 2.41% of rental income (£438k). At the end of June, this had risen to 3.4% (£625k), an increase of 50%, and, at the end of September, this had decreased to 3.33% (£612k). In a recent Welsh Government analysis of rent arrears amongst the 11 Welsh stock owning authorities, this placed Anglesey 3<sup>rd</sup> best out of 11. At this stage, there can be no certainty how much of this will be recovered over time, or will become irrecoverable and so have to be written off. Past experience would seem to indicate that the provision is currently adequate, but this will be kept under review.
- (vi) The overall forecast for income is now a reduction of £100k compared to the original budget by the end of the year (a £50k reduction at the end of Q1).

#### 6. Non Repairs and Maintenance Expenditure

(i) At the end of the second quarter, non repairs and maintenance expenditure was £59k above the profiled budget (£12k below at Q1). Mostly, this is the result of the annual cost of the Orchard Computer system being committed now, offset by the reduced level of work due to Covid (in particular the suspension of clean up days). The forecast has been reviewed, and is now £12k better than budget (compared to a zero variance at Q1), taking into account the reduced work from the Tenant Participation team (£26k) and the additional costs from the development of the mobile working module (£14k).

### 7. Repairs and Maintenance

- (i) The Housing Maintenance Unit (HMU) shows an underspend of £332k (£226k at Q1). This is the direct result of the Covid 19 situation where only essential repairs are being undertaken, which has reduced the costs of materials and the use of subcontractors. The effect of increased activity once normal service can be offered is hard to quantify, but a conservative forecast of a £70k (£50k at Q1) reduction in expenditure, compared to the original budget has been made. The situation will continue to be monitored.
- (ii) Expenditure on non HMU building maintenance staff is £36k (£15k at Q1) below the profiled budget at the end of Q2. The forecast year end position is that expenditure should be £30k below budget (zero at Q1).
- (iii) Other Repairs and Maintenance costs are overspent by £124k (£83k in Q1) compared to the profiled budget. This is largely due to the seasonal nature of grounds maintenance, so the forecast is that it will be on budget by the end of the year.

#### 8. Year End Adjustments

(i) This heading covers items of expenditure (capital financing costs and recharges from the General Fund) that form part of the year end accounting process. At this stage, no changes are envisaged.

#### 9. Capital Expenditure

- (i) The original capital programme approved by the Council in March 2020 totalled £19,114k, which was to be funded by the Major Repairs Allowance (£2,660k), other capital grants (£1,450k) and a contribution from the HRA reserve of £15,034. This includes expenditure carried forward from the 2019/20 capital programme. In the event, not all of the expenditure to be carried over was required, so there is now a revised budget of £19,032k (£14,992k after allowing for £4,110k of grant funding). Based on the current information, it is forecast that the actual expenditure after grants will be £8,678k, which is £6,244k below the revised budget.
- (ii) Capital projects have been seriously affected by Covid 19, leading to significant delays in projects. This is particularly so in the case of acquiring ex right to buy properties due to the effective suspension of the house property market. The capital forecast has been completely revised on this basis, and expenditure is forecast to be £6,244k below the revised budget at the end of the year. Further details are shown in Appendix B below.
- (iii) The underspend on capital expenditure means that the amount funded from the HRA revenue account is similarly reduced. The balance is then available to fund the projects that have been deferred into next year.

#### 10. HRA balance

(i) The opening balance of the HRA reserve stood at £8,597k. The revised budget allowed for the use of £7,088k of this balance. However, forecast underspend will result in an additional £6,256k being transferred into the reserve. This will give a reserve balance of £7,765k by the end of the financial year. This balance is ringfenced, so is available to fund future HRA expenditure only.

В-	What other options did you consider and why did you reject them and/or opt for this option?						
	n/a						
C -	Why is this a decision for the Executive?						
	This matter is delegated to the Executive.						
CH -	H - Is this decision consistent with policy approved by the full Council?						
	Yes	•					
	165						
D-	Is this decision within the budget approved by t	he Council?					
	Yes						
DD -	Who did you consult?	What did they say?					
1	Chief Executive / Strategic Leadership Team (SLT) (mandatory)	The draft report was considered by the SLT and any comments have been incorporated into the final report.					
2	Finance / Section 151 (mandatory)	n/a – this is the Section 151 Officer's report.					
3	Legal / Monitoring Officer (mandatory)	Consulted with the Officer as part of SLT.					
<u>4</u>	Human Resources (HR)						
5	Property Information Communication Technology						
6	Information Communication Technology (ICT)						
7	Scrutiny						
8	Local Members						
9	Any external bodies / other/s						
E-	Risks and any mitigation (if relevant)						
1	Economic						
2	Anti-poverty						
3	Crime and Disorder						
<u>4</u> 5	Environmental Equalities						
6	Outcome Agreements						
7	Other						
	Appendices:						
	Appendix A – Revenue expenditure and forecasts Appendix B – Capital expenditure and forecast to						
FF -	Background papers (please contact the author	of the Report for any further information):					
•	2020/21 HRA budget (as approved by this Comm HRA 30 Year Business Plan 2020/50 (as approve						

## **APPENDIX A**

# **HRA ACCOUNT 2020/21**

	Annual Budget 2020/21	Profiled Budget to Month 6	Actual to Month 6	Variance to Month 6	Year End Forecast	Year End Variance
	£	£	£	£	£	£
REVENUE ACCOUNT						
Income						
Dwellings	(18,407,000)	(9,203,502)	(9,308,977)	(105,475)	(18,307,000)	100,000
Garages	(218,000)	(109,002)	(108,042)	960	(218,000)	0
Service Charges	(212,000)	(106,000)	(108,604)	(2,604)	(212,000)	0
Other	(199,000)	(78,000)	(110,521)	(32,521)	(199,000)	0
Bad Debt Provision	280,000	0	0	0	280,000	0
TOTAL INCOME	(18,756,000)	(9,496,504)	(9,636,144)	(139,640)	(18,656,000)	100,000
Non Repairs & Maintenance						
Expenditure Tenant Participation	136,170	68,050	41,793	(26,257)	110,170	(26,000)
Rent Administration	450,220	224,780	246,002	21,222	450,220	(20,000)
Estate Management	247,430	123,564	82,506	(41,058)	247,430	0
Other Revenue	· ·	·	·			_
Expenditure	899,340	426,944	531,976	105,032	913,340	14,000
Total Non R & M	1,733,160	843,338	902,277	58,939	1,721,160	(12,000)
Expenditure Repairs and						
Maintenance						
Housing Maintenance Unit (HMU)	3,112,000	1,555,710	1,223,406	(332,304)	3,042,000	(70,000)
Building Maintenance Staff (non HMU)	926,020	462,352	426,466	(35,886)	896,020	(30,000)
Other Repairs and Maintenance	448,200	224,114	348,529	124,415	448,200	0
Total Repairs & Maintenance	4,486,220	2,242,176	1,998,401	(243,775)	4,386,220	(100,000)
Year End Adjustments						
Capital Financing	3,093,000	0	0	0	3,093,000	0
Charges Recharge from	790,630	0	0	0	790,630	0
Housing Services						
Recharge from	818,990	0	0	0	818,990	0
Central Services						
Total Year End	4,702,620	0	0	0	4,702,620	0
Adjustments						
TOTAL REVENUE EXPENDITURE	10,922,000	3,085,514	2,900,678	(184,836)	10,810,000	(112,000)
TOTAL REVENUE (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT	(7,834,000)	(6,410,990)	(6,735,466)	(324,476)	(7,846,000)	(12,000)

CAPITAL EXPENDITUI	RE ACCOUNT					
2020/21 Expenditure	19,032,093	4,930,000	3,679,557	(1,250,443)	12,787,997	(6,244,096)
Major Repairs Allowance	(2,660,000)	0	0	0	(2,660,000)	0
Other Grants	(1,450,000)	0	0	0	(1,450,000)	0
TOTAL CAPITAL (SURPLUS) / DEFICIT	14,922,093	4,930,000	3,679,557	(1,250,443)	8,677,997	(6,244,096)
NET (INCREASE) / DECREASE IN HRA RESERVE	7,088,093	(1,480,990)	(3,055,909)	(1,574,919)	831,997	(6,256,096)
Opening HRA Balance	(8,597,000)				(8,597,000)	
Net (Increase) / Decrease in HRA Reserve	7,088,093				831,997	
Closing HRA Balance	1,508,097				(7,765,003)	
Closing HRA	1,508,097				(7,765,003)	

# **APPENDIX B**

	Annual	Profiled	Total	Variance	Projected	Projected
	Budget	Budget	Expenditure	To	Expenditure	Under / Over
Service	(£)	(£)	(£)	Profile (£)	(£)	(£)
Housing HRA						
Central Heating Contract	400,000	0	0	0	50.000	(350,000)
Planned Maintenance Contract	6,120,000	1,120,000	1,417,335	297,335	5,620,000	(500,000)
Energy Performance Improvement	537,000	0	3,797	3,797	100,000	(437,000)
Environmental Works	750,000	20,000	19,309	(691)	250,000	(500,000)
Acquisition of Existing Properties / Development of New Properties	9,230,000	3,380,000	1,892,737	(1,487,263)	5,292,737	(3,937,263)
Premises Remodelling of Existing Stock	2,218	0	5,260	5,260	5,260	3,042
Public Sector Adaptations	350,000	50,000	40,713	(9,287)	150,000	(200,000)
Fire Risk	450,000	60,000	56,119	(3,881)	300,000	(150,000)
WHQS	1,172,875	300,000	244,286	(55,714)	1,000,000	(172,875)
Remediation Work	20,000	0	0	0	20,000	0
Totals for Housing HRA	19,032,093	4,930,000	3,679,556	(1,250,444)	12,787,997	(6,244,096)